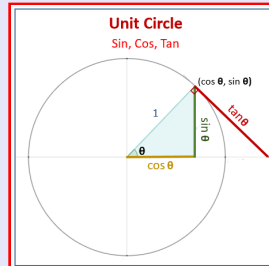
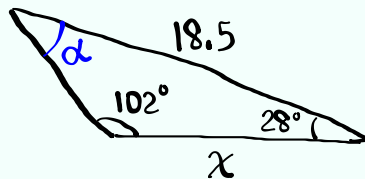


Trigonometry

Lecture 18



Feb 19-8:47 AM

Find x :

$$102^\circ + 28^\circ + \alpha = 180^\circ$$

$$130^\circ + \alpha = 180^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 50^\circ$$

Law of Sines

$$\frac{\sin 102^\circ}{18.5} = \frac{\sin 50^\circ}{x}$$

Cross-Multiply

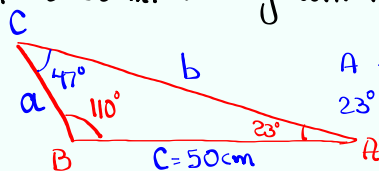
$$x \sin 102^\circ = 18.5 \sin 50^\circ$$

$$x = \frac{18.5 \sin 50^\circ}{\sin 102^\circ}$$

$$= 14.488 \approx 14.5$$

Sep 30-10:31 AM

Solve triangle ABC such that $A=23^\circ$, $B=110^\circ$, and $C=50\text{cm}$. Drawing will Help.



$$\begin{aligned} A + B + C &= 180^\circ \\ 23^\circ + 110^\circ + C &= 180^\circ \\ 133^\circ + C &= 180^\circ \\ C &= 180^\circ - 133^\circ \\ C &= 47^\circ \end{aligned}$$

Using Law of Sines

$$\frac{\sin 23^\circ}{a} = \frac{\sin 110^\circ}{b} = \frac{\sin 47^\circ}{50}$$

$$\frac{\sin 23^\circ}{a} = \frac{\sin 47^\circ}{50}$$

$$a \cdot \sin 47^\circ = 50 \cdot \sin 23^\circ$$

$$a = \frac{50 \cdot \sin 23^\circ}{\sin 47^\circ} \approx 27\text{cm}$$

$$\frac{\sin 110^\circ}{b} = \frac{\sin 47^\circ}{50}$$

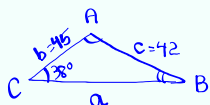
$$b = \frac{50 \sin 110^\circ}{\sin 47^\circ}$$

$$\approx 64\text{cm}$$

Sep 30-10:36 AM

Given $b=45$, $C=42$, $C=38^\circ$

Solve triangle ABC. Drawing will help.



$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{45} = \frac{\sin 38^\circ}{42}$$

If $B=41^\circ$

$$38^\circ + 41^\circ + A = 180^\circ$$

$$A = 180^\circ - 79^\circ$$

$$A = 101^\circ$$

$$42 \sin B = 45 \sin 38^\circ$$

$$\sin B = \frac{45 \sin 38^\circ}{42}$$

$$\sin B \approx 0.66$$

$$B \approx \sin^{-1}(0.66)$$

$$B \approx 41^\circ$$

If $B=139^\circ$

$$38^\circ + 139^\circ + A = 180^\circ$$

$$A = 3^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sin 101^\circ}{a} = \frac{\sin 38^\circ}{42}$$

$$a \sin 38^\circ = 42 \sin 101^\circ$$

$$a = \frac{42 \sin 101^\circ}{\sin 38^\circ} \approx 67$$



$$\sin 41^\circ \approx 0.66$$

$$\sin 139^\circ \approx 0.66$$

$$\frac{\sin 3^\circ}{a} = \frac{\sin 38^\circ}{42}$$

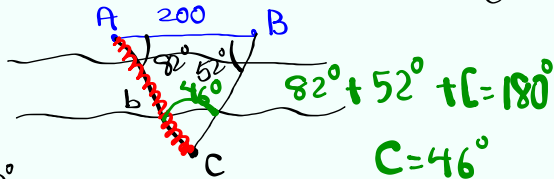
$$a = \frac{42 \sin 3^\circ}{\sin 38^\circ} \approx 4$$

Sep 30-10:45 AM

Two points A & B are on one side of a river and are 200 ft apart.

From another point C on the other side of the river, $\angle ABC = 52^\circ$ and $\angle CAB = 82^\circ$

How far is point C from point A? Drawing will help.



$$\frac{\sin 46^\circ}{200} = \frac{\sin 52^\circ}{b}$$

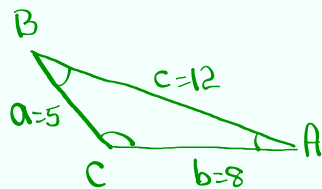
$$b \sin 46^\circ = 200 \sin 52^\circ$$

$$b = \frac{200 \sin 52^\circ}{\sin 46^\circ}$$

$$b \approx \boxed{219 \text{ ft}}$$

Sep 30-11:00 AM

Find angle A if $a=5$, $b=8$, and $c=12$.



$$\frac{\sin A}{5} = \frac{\sin B}{8} = \frac{\sin C}{12}$$

use Law of Cosines

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$5^2 = 8^2 + 12^2 - 2 \cdot 8 \cdot 12 \cos A$$

$$25 = 64 + 144 - 192 \cos A$$

$$192 \cos A = 64 + 144 - 25$$

Is this a right triangle?

$$5^2 + 8^2 \stackrel{?}{=} 12^2$$

$$25 + 64 \stackrel{?}{=} 144$$

$$89 \neq 144$$

Not a right triangle.

$$\rightarrow 192 \cos A = 183$$

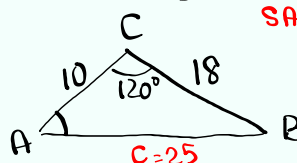
$$\cos A = \frac{183}{192}$$

$$A = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{183}{192}\right)$$

$$\boxed{A \approx 18^\circ}$$

Sep 30-11:12 AM

Solve triangle ABC



SAS \rightarrow Law of Cosines

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$$

$$= 18^2 + 10^2 - 2 \cdot 18 \cdot 10 \cdot \cos 120^\circ$$

$$c^2 = 604 \quad c = \sqrt{604} \approx 25$$

$$\frac{\sin 120^\circ}{25} = \frac{\sin A}{18}$$

$$25 \sin A = 18 \cdot \sin 120^\circ$$

$$\sin A = \frac{18 \sin 120^\circ}{25}$$

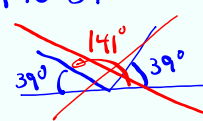
$$\sin A \approx .624$$

$$A \approx \sin^{-1}(.625)$$

$$A \approx 39^\circ$$

$A \approx 39^\circ, C = 120^\circ$

$B \approx 21^\circ$



Sep 30-11:21 AM

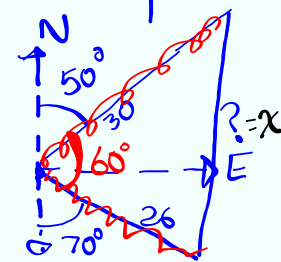
Two boats leave the same port at the same time.

Boat A has a bearing of $N 50^\circ E$ with 30 mph.

Boat B has a bearing of $S 70^\circ E$ with 26 mph.

How far apart are they after one hour?

SAS



$$x^2 = 30^2 + 26^2 - 2 \cdot 30 \cdot 26 \cdot \cos 60^\circ$$

$$= 796$$

$$x = \sqrt{796} \approx \boxed{28 \text{ miles}}$$

Sep 30-11:32 AM